(b) Strategies adopted for prevention and control Dengue, Malaria and other vector-borne diseases include:—

- Early case detection and prompt treatment
- Selective vector control
- Promotion of personal protection methods
- Early detection and containment of epidemics
- Information, Education and Communication towards personal prevention and community participation
- Institutional and Management Capacity Building, Trained Manpower Development and efficient Management Information System (MIS)
- Issuance of advance warning to States/UTs suggesting all the preventive and control measures.

(c) As per reports received from Karnataka, the number of malaria and dengue cases during the past three years were as under:—

Year	No. of Malaria cases	No. of Dengue Cases
1999	97274	39
2000	109118	168
2001	197625	202

(d) The Central assistance under National Anti-Malaria Programme in the form of anti-malaria drugs and insecticides provided to Karnataka during the last three years was as under:—

Year	Rs. in Lakhs
1999-2000	229.29
2000-01	233.36
2001-02	538.57

Cleanliness in Government Hospitals

†1854. SHRI DARA SINGH CHAUHAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that Government hospitals

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

particularly AIIMS, Safdarjung and Dr. RML Hospitals are totally unhygienic which causes serious hazard to the patients;

(b) whether Government are also aware that Safdarjung Hospital is the topmost filthy hospital where no attention is paid to the cleanliness at all;

(c) if answers to parts (a) and (b) be in the affirmative, whether Government would issue necessary instructions to these hospitals so that patients do not face any difficulty; and

(d) if so, by when?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) to (d) In so far as Central Government Hospitals, *viz.* Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, Safdarjung Hospital and Lady Hardinge Medical College & Associated Hospital are concerned, all out efforts are being made for cleanliness of these hospitals. Daily rounds and surprise checks are also being made by the respective hospital authorities regularly to oversee the cleanliness. The Hospital waste is disposed of as per the Bio Medical Waste (Management & Handling) Rules, 1998 in these hospitals. AIIMS has reported that there is a system of cleaning and maintenance of hygienic condition of hospital as per the Institute's guidelines.

TKDL project

1855. SHRI A. VIJAYA RAGHAVAN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy is funding Traditional Knowledge Digital Library;

(b) whether the authority submitted traditional knowledge resource classification of Traditional Knowledge Digital Library to World Intellectual Property Organisation during 2001;

(c) whether European and United States Patent Office commented that the classification is not useful to non-experts, whereas Chinese database is useful;

(d) whether persons with commerce and life science degrees are appointed as Information Technology Experts in the project;